



第三部分 答案与解析

第一章 词汇

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| 01. BCBCBBCC | BC C BABA |
| 02. BBCABCCA | CBBB B CB |
| 03. BCBCABCB | CBBAACC |
| 04. ACBBACBA | CBABCCC |
| 05. BBBCAAAC | CABCCBC |
| 06. C ACBCABC | ACBACAA |
| 07. CBACCABA | BCAABAB |
| 08. BA C BBBCA | ABCCBBC |
| 09. ABCBACAB | ACABACA |
| 10. BBBAABAA | ACCCCAA |
| 11. CCAAABCA | BCCBACC |
| 12. BABCABCA | CACCABC |
| 13. CCCABCCA | BABBBBC |
| 14. BA BABAAA | CBACBCC |
| 15. CBABACBA | CCCABBC |
| 16. CBACACAB | BBCAACC |
| 17. BCACBCCB | ABABCAA |
| 18. ABCCBACB | CBCCCCA |
| 19. CBBABABC | CACCCBA |
| 20. ACBCBAAB | BCBAACB |
| 21. BACBACBA | BACBAAB |
| 22. CBACCA AB | BBBCAAB |
| 23. ABCCBBAA | BCABABA |
| 24. BACABCBC | BACCABC |
| 25. BACCBCAB | CCACACC |
| 26. ABCACBCC | B ACCCBC |
| 27. ABCBACBC | ABCBACC |
| 28. ACBABACC | CBCACCA |
| 29. A C ACABAC | BCBBBBBC |
| 30. BAAACBAB | CAAACBC |
| 31. ACCBABBB | BCCCACA |
| 32. CABBBABC | ACBCCBC |

第二章 完形填空

- | | |
|-------------------|-------|
| 01. CBCAB | CCABC |
| 02. CBAAB | CCBAC |
| 03. ABABC | ACBAC |
| 04. BCACB | CABAA |
| 05. BCAAC | ABCBC |
| 06. BAACA | BCBBC |
| 07. CCACB | CCACC |
| 08. ABCB C | ACCAC |
| 09. CABAC | ACBCB |
| 10. BAACC | ABCCA |
| 11. CCBBC | CCCCA |



12. CBABC CCACB
 13. ABBCA BCBAC
 14. ACBCA CABCA
 15. CABCA CCABC
 16. BACCB ACCBC
 17. BBACC BCABC
 18. BBCCA CAACC
 19. ACBAC CCACB
 20. ACBAB BCCBA
 21. CABCC BCACC
 22. BCACA CBBCA
 23. BCBCC ACACB
 24. BCBCA ABCCC
 25. CCBCA BCCBA
 26. ABCCB ABACC
 27. ACBAB AACCB
 28. BACBA CCBAB
 29. BACBC BCACA
 30. CABCA BCBCA
 31. CACBA BCACC
 32. BACBC ACBCA

第三章 阅读理解

- | | | | | |
|----------|------|------|------|------|
| 01. CDCB | CDBC | CDAC | DBCA | ABAD |
| 02. CABB | DBAA | BCBB | BDDB | ADCD |
| 03. CDCB | ACBA | BDCD | DACA | ABCD |
| 04. DCAB | DCBA | BADC | CADC | DADB |
| 05. CABB | CBCC | ADBD | BDCB | DBCA |
| 06. ABAB | BDAB | ADBC | ABAA | BCDA |
| 07. BDAD | BDAA | CCBD | DCBA | DBAD |
| 08. DBAB | BAAC | ADDB | CDBC | CBAA |
| 09. ACAD | CDBA | ABCC | DADB | DBAB |
| 10. ACDD | CCAB | CDCA | BDBA | DBDC |
| 11. CDDD | Cddb | BACA | BDCA | CABD |
| 12. CBBD | BCBC | DABC | ADCC | CABA |
| 13. BCBD | AADB | BBCC | ADCB | ABAD |
| 14. DADB | DCBA | CBBC | AADB | DAAC |
| 15. CBAB | ABDB | ABBD | BBCD | CAAA |
| 16. BADC | CBAC | ABDC | BCAD | CACB |
| 17. CCAD | DCAC | BACC | BBCC | ABDC |
| 18. DACB | ABCC | ADAC | BBDA | DBBD |
| 19. CABC | CADB | CBDA | DBCA | ACCD |
| 20. ACAD | DCBA | DCAB | BCAD | BCAA |
| 21. BABC | ACBA | DACA | BDCA | CBCA |
| 22. CAAB | CAAD | DCAC | BDAD | ACBC |
| 23. CCDA | BDBD | DACC | CCAB | ACBD |
| 24. CDCD | BACB | ABDA | DACB | ABDB |

**第四章 语法填空**

- 01.** (1). who (2). invitation (3). to buy (4). her (5). a
(6). found (7). to (8). for (9). later (10). because/or/otherwise
- 02.** (1). thought (2). beautiful (3). happily (4). because/as/for (5). anything
(6). deeply (7). to study (8). friends (9). did (10). successful
- 03.** (1). really (2). and (3). Being (4). friends (5). a
(6). to stop (7). because (8). them (9). more confident (10). happiness
- 04.** (1). a (2). suddenly (3). lighter (4). to teach (5). but
(6). to carry (7). learnt (8). tells (9). What (10) carefully
- 05.** (1). a (2). won (3). usual (4). Suddenly (5). must
(6). himself (7). to open (8). everywhere (9). finally (10). out
- 06.** (1). to buy (2). to choose (3). to buy (4). to hold (5). make
(6). go up (7). to make (8). to help (9). to buy (10). to follow
- 07.** (1). biggest (2). looks (3). birds (4). and (5). walking
(6). was (7). It (8). faster (9). excited (10). the
- 08.** (1). because (2). carefully (3). teaches (4). called (5). to carry
(6). learners (7). saying (8). but (9). third (10). a
- 09.** (1). more (2). are (3). eating (4). are loved (5). what
(6). to do (7). badly (8). with (9). how (10). his
- 10.** (1). was (2). became (3). sounds (4). seemed (5). want
(6). tried (7). remains (8). go (9). smell (10). taste
- 11.** (1). to draw (2). traditional (3). But (4). a (5). looked
(6). quietly (7). surprised (8). yours (9). to hold (10). eyes
- 12.** (1). their (2). an (3). are encouraged (4). to collect (5). is
(6). With (7). universities (8). covering (9). well (10). offering
- 13.** (1). in (2). easier (3). weakness (4). unusual (5). difficulty
(6). for (7). helped (8). better (9). your (10). to
- 14.** (1). a (2). difficult (3). and (4). to write (5). helpful
(6). eating (7). to be (8). himself (9). Because (10). gave
- 15.** (1). when (2). but (3). was (4). to buy (5). and
(6). explained (7). it (8). be given (9). sure (10). warm
- 16.** (1). for (2). and (3). the (4). the greatest (5). American
(6). offers (7). universities (8). was built (9). including (10). visiting
- 17.** (1). second (2). his (3). was sleeping (4). was rushed (5). death
(6). tired (7). why (8). games (9). at (10). playing
- 18.** (1). importantly (2). in (3). having (4). choosing (5). tips
(6). better (7). if (8). crowded (9). means (10). wiping
- 19.** (1). interesting (2). her (3). has turned (4). largest (5). first
(6). are (7). with (8). connecting (9). to make (10). Although
- 20.** (1). are (2). to come (3). you (4). To reply (5). What
(6). however (7). ending (8). because (9). expressions (10). carefully
- 21.** (1). in (2). healthy (3). are (4). certain (5). if
(6). the (7). feet (8). lower (9). yourself/yourselves (10). reading
- 22.** (1). drinking (2). about (3). were bought (4). walk (5). shops
(6). and (7). will find (8). why (9). the most (10). to get
- 23.** (1). the (2). is used (3). will have (4). to learn (5). because
(6). pieces (7). speaking (8). makes (9). Finally (10). but



24. (1). or (2). while (3). was shared (4). to find (5). careful
 (6). animals (7). easier (8). their (9). going (10). is
25. (1). a (2). surprised (3). buying (4). what (5). was
 (6). years (7). successfully (8). seller (9). though (10). to buy
26. (1). amazing (2). that (3). we (4). watching (5). experiments
 (6). were shown (7). to count (8). were passing (9). and (10). the
27. (1). to (2). on (3). anything (4). make (5). to
 (6). After (7). along (8). on (9). Congratulations (10). so
28. (1). western (2). to deliver (3). gifts / presents (4). actually (5). to bring
 (6). including (7). house (8). hung (9). but (10). us
29. (1). off (2). second (3). such (4). was refused (5). following
 (6). if/whether (7). paid (8). to hand (9). which/that (10). happily
30. (1). are expected (2). more (3). reasons (4). to visit (5). who
 (6). its (7). brings (8). first (9). and (10). if
31. (1). and (2). more interesting (3). slowly (4). to exercise (5). using
 (6). who (7). friends (8). with (9). yourself (10). best
32. (1). the (2). knees (3). sat (4). afford (5). went
 (6). to look / looking (7). at (8). on (9). were (10). was

第五章 书面表达

01. 范文

Dear sir,

I'm a junior student from Chongqing Xinhua School. I'd like to become one of your guides.

I've learned English for 6 years. I spend a lot of my free time listening to English news and watching English movies, so I'm good at English. That is to say, it's not difficult for me to talk with people in English.

I have been interested in science since I was a child. My favorite books are on science. Some new ideas often come out of my mind, which has encouraged me a lot. With these ideas, I have made some small inventions to make my life more comfortable.

Besides, I feel like making friends with different people, no matter where they come from. I'm sure that I will get along well with them.

I would be most thankful if you could give me the chance.

Thank you!

Yours,

Yuan Xin

解析：本题考查的是利用自己英语的能力申请成为讲解员，为国外游客讲解科技馆。这一话题的考查并不陌生，也是生活中经常遇到的。在大中型城市，我们经常能在旅游景点看到志愿者在我外国游客讲解。这篇作文要求给出至少三个申请理由，而在参考要点里，只给出了两点，因此还需要同学们再想出一点。三点理由一个都不能少，否则就要扣分。正文部分其实就是要同学们叙述出三个理由，前两个已经给出，只需要合理想出第



三个即可。

02. 范文

Wednesday, May 4th, 2016

Sunny

I went to Guangzhou Museum with my schoolmates to do some voluntary work today. Students from three grades took part in it and worked as different roles. Students of Grade Seven worked as guides who took visitors to different display rooms. And those of Grade Eight played a short opera, introducing Guangzhou history to tourists. As for students of Grade Nine, they made beautiful posters which helped people know Lingnan Culture better.

In my opinion, it is of great help to hold such activities. On one hand, it is a good chance for us students to develop a sense of responsibility as well as our work ability. On the other hand, the history and culture can be passed on from one generation to another.

解析：1. 2016 年广州中考英语沿用往年风格，仍旧是文化类的提纲式作文，体裁为：日记，主题是志愿者活动。这个话题学生比较熟悉，在八年级下册 Unit 1 中就已经出现。

2. 全文的要点包括活动内容和意义。其中，活动内容已经给出详细文字提示，学生需要做好内容翻译。相较之下，活动意义没有直接提示，学生需要对志愿者活动有一定的认识，且需要自行组织语言，难度较大。

3. 此外，全文需要用到两种时态，活动内容一般采用一般过去时，而活动意义则采用一般现在时。

03. 范文

NOTICE

June 25

In order to enrich the life of the residents (居民), the Community Union is going to organize a special activity for next Saturday.

We have organized a bus trip to Happy Farm for foreigners, where we plan to pick lychees. We will gather at the North Gate at 8 a.m. and return at 4:30 p.m. next Saturday. During the trip, we can appreciate natural scenery in the countryside and have fun in farming work. Of course, you can take an umbrella so as not to get sunburnt. Besides, your safety should be taken into consideration.

Sign your name in our office before 6 p.m. next Thursday if you are interested.

Wish you a wonderful time!

The Community Union

解析：本次书面表达一改往年书信体裁，要求学生写一份书面通知，实用性强。题目已经给出四条内容要点，但字数依然要求 80 字左右，学生若想拿高分，需要在保证内容完整的基础上，做到语言精练、准确又不乏亮点。

04. 范文



Dear students,

Reading is not only a good habit but also an enjoyable able. First, it is very easy to keep on reading. We can read anywhere and anytime if we want. Second, we may communicate with the wise men all over the world by reading. And reading books can open up our eyes to the outside world and bring us happiness. Third, reading is useful for each of us. We can learn much knowledge from books to solve the problems that we may meet every day. Because reading is so important , I'm going to read more on weekends or during the vacations.

In a word, books are our best friends and teachers. Let's enjoy reading and enjoy our life!

Winsor School

April 23rd

解析：由于是海报，所以书写时语言要简练。书写本文时可分为三部分：首先是开篇点题，也就是所给的开头部分；接下来是正文，重点是描述提示要点部分，前三点我们可用连贯的英文表达，但第四点要求我们合理地发挥，如你打算每晚读多少、读什么等；最后是结尾，呼吁大家养成读书的好习惯。为了使文章连贯，书写时可加入一些连词或一些与表达内容有关的短语或句子等。

本文脉络分明，整篇文章非常有条理。作者很好地运用了 first、second、third 等过渡性词汇，将文章的内容要点有机地结合在一起。长短句交叉使用，读起来朗朗上口，很有韵味，结尾号召大家读书，深化了主题。本文是一篇非常难得的佳作。

05. 范文

Poster

Dear students and teachers.

TFBOYS is invited to give a concert at eight in the evening on May 1st. It's in our school music hall.

TFBOYS is a singing group. It was set up in 2013. Its name is The Fighting Boys. It has three members, Wang Junkai, Wang Yuan and Yi Yangqianxi. The three young singers are so excellent that they have won two music awards.

There are no enough seats for all the teachers and students, so please book your seat ahead. Our telephone number is 7380540. Remember to come in time!

No. 1 Middle School

解析：根据提示内容可确定本文可分三段来表达。首先要直接表达 TFBOYS 组合在第一中学举行音乐会的时间、地点；然后可根据提示，对 TFBOYS 组合进行简单介绍；最后交代注意事项和联系电话。

06. 范文

Dear Tang,

It's lucky for me to have a friend like you. Thanks for your help. When I have math problems, you always help me to work them out. I've got better grades in math. If I have any trouble, you always encourage me not to give up. We often



read books and do sports together. Because of your help, I'm more confident than before. I decide to go to a good high school with you. I hope our friendship can last forever. I believe you'll have a nice future.

Yours,

Dan

解析：本文作者完整准确地表达了提示内容，文中出现了一般现在时、现在完成时和一般将来时。作者还交替使用了简单句和复合句，同时还使用了 work out, encourage, give up, together, because of, friendship 等，彰显了作者丰富的英语词汇，也使短文提高了档次。

07. 范文

From time to time, we are moved by the people and things around us. Yang Min is one of the persons I admire most. As a member of the Lions, she has been helping others for many years. She goes to the old people's home twice a month to cut hair, wash clothes and do some cleaning for them. Besides, on rainy days she offers people umbrellas or raincoats for free.

I'm deeply moved by her story. I'm going to start with small things around me. I plan to give books and clothes to children in poor villages. What's more, I'll ask my parents and more friends to join me.

Small action can make a big difference. Let's help those who need help!

解析：本文作者很好地根据提示内容完成了要求，包括自己对杨敏行为的感受（deeply moved），并谈到了自己今天的打算，完全符合题目要求，且作者过度自然，句子表达简练。

08. 范文

Protect the air

Air is as important as food. So it's important for us to keep air clean and fresh. However, the air has become really polluted around us. The polluted air has caused many serious problems. There is heavy smog in many cities in China. Thousands of people in India died because of high temperature last year. And there are all kinds of lung diseases around the world.

How to keep air clean and fresh? We can begin with small things such as planting more trees, riding bikes instead of driving. We can also call on people to prevent the air pollution.

Let's take action now!

解析：由提示内容可知，本文可首先点明保持空气清新的重要性，然后根据提示要点，陈述空气污染给人们带来的危害。接着表达防止空气污染的措施，如 plant trees and flowers; ride bikes 等。最后号召人们立即行动起来，保护环境。为了句子的连贯性，可用 however 等转折词连接。书写时应根据需要确定时态等。

本文要点齐全，语句通顺、流畅，层次分明，时态运用正确。具体优点还有：

1. so、however、and 等使句子更加通顺；



2. 短语 all kinds of、begin with、such as、instead of 等的出现提高了短文的档次。

09. 范文

A voluntary activity

I'm writing to tell you a voluntary activity. At present, our city offers "rubbish doesn't fall to the ground, and the city is more beautiful" slogan. In order to respond to the call, my classmates decided to take part in a voluntary activity. We went to the train station. We cleaned the benches, picked up the rubbish and swept the ground. It lasted from 8:00 to 12:00 on Saturday. After that, we felt a little tired but happy.

I think if everyone can contribute his own strength, our city will become cleaner and cleaner.

解析：由所给开头句可知，接下来我们应点明主题，即为了积极响应你市“垃圾不落地，城市更美丽”的口号，你们班决定到火车站进行义务性活动。然后根据提示内容具体描写参加的活动。最后发表自己的愿望。

10. 范文

Dear Tom,

I'm very happy that you are interested in traditional Chinese stories. Well, let me tell you a famous one with the name "Sima Guang hit the tank".

Once Sima Guang was playing hide and seek with several children in the backyard. There was a large water tank in the yard. It was full of water. When the kids were playing, one child accidentally fell into the tank. Other children were so frightened that they started to run, crying for help. However, Sima Guang was different. He thought it over and then had an idea. He picked up a big stone and threw it at the tank. "Bang!", the tank broke and the water ran out. The kid was saved.

Do you like the story? What do you think of Sima Guang?

I am looking forward to hearing from you.

Li Mei

解析：这是一篇图画作文。内容是给 Tom 回复一封 E-mail，向他讲述司马光砸缸的故事，并希望知道他对该故事及主人公的看法。注意邮件的格式。时态主要为一般现在时和一般过去时。人称主要为第三人称。写作思路：考生需要首先审清主题，围绕主题展开作文。其次考生可从以下几个方面展开作文，即本文的写作要点：

1. 描述图画：司马光和朋友一起玩捉迷藏，旁边有一口装满水的缸，一个小孩掉进缸里，其他小孩吓坏了，司马光想出主意，捡起石头扔向缸，缸破了，小孩得救了；
2. 询问对该故事及主人公的看法。

11. 范文

Dear Mary,

Thank you for your last E-mail. Let me tell you what we did on 5th March.



As a member of volunteers, in the morning, we volunteers brought some flowers and fresh fruit. As we arrived at the Happiness Nursing Home, we sent them our best wishes too. How happy they were!

Then we cleaned up the room and swept the floor for them. After that, some of us performed activities for them, such as singing songs and dancing. Some of us read newspaper for them. Some of us chatted with them. When it was time for us volunteers to leave, they were grateful for our kindness.

From this meaningful activity, I found that we are supposed to care for the old and respect them. In our daily life, we should offer our seats to them on buses. And we should treat our own grandparents more kindly.

If you have the chance in China, I hope you can join us.

Yours,

Li Hua

解析：本题所给内容要求具体，考生只需要将所给的要点用合适的词语和句子表达出来，并使用恰当的连词将其连接起来即可。本文还将老人的感受表达了出来，也是合适的。由于记叙的是已经发生的事情，故要用一般过去时。

12. 范文

Dear Peter,

As the Internet is developing fast, more and more new words and phrase have been created in Chinese. Here are some examples.

One of the most popular words is Dianzan, which is often used when you quite agree with someone. Another example is Renxing. When you say somebody is Renxing, you mean that he will do whatever he likes. The word Miaosha first came from online shopping, which means you can complete your shopping orders before others. But now it's widely used when you achieve your purpose in no time. If you describe somebody as a Tuhao, you mean that he is very rich. If you like a singer, you can say you are the singer's fans. So Fensi is another way of saying "fans".

You can find lots of such new Chinese words. Keep learning, and you'll know more about our language and culture.

All the best!

Yours,

Li Hua

解析：邮件格式已经给出，所以在书写本文时，可根据提示直接进入主题，即对点赞、任性、秒杀、土豪等网络语进行解释。最后可以点明类似的网络语还有很多，并提出希望或祝愿。本文属于说明文，文章应以一般现在时为主。注意用不同的方式解释词语，如可用 if 引导的条件状语从句：If you're an online shopper, it is easier to understand Miaosha...

本文结构合理，文章脉络分明。作者多处运用了高级句型，如非限制性定语从句、状语从句、宾语从句



等：还有高级词汇 whatever、complete、widely、purpose、describe 等的出现，使文章提高了档次，同时也彰显了作者高深的语言功底。

13. 范文

Dear Tony,

There are lots of things you can do. First, you can ride your bike in your neighborhood and try to find some kids. When you find some kids, you can talk to them. You should also let your parents know that you want to make friends because they can help you. Second, you'd better ask your parents to take you to the library or some other public places where there are lots of kids. You could try joining an art class or a sports club. Third, you can try making friends if you take part in activities on Sundays. These are all great ways to make friends.

In short, try to be active wherever you are. It takes time and patience. I hope you will find a best friend soon!

Yours,

Mike

解析：由所给的开头可知，下面表达的内容为给出“建议”。所给建议题干已给出，我们合理翻译出来即可。为了句子的连贯性，可用 first, second, third 等连接。提建议时可用句型 You should ... 或 You'd better ... 等。

14. 范文

Boys and girls,

I'm very happy to speak here and I'd like to talk about my grandma.

A few months ago, my grandma went to do square dancing after supper. Since then, she has been in love with square dancing. Now, she is much healthier than before. What's more, she has a lot of friends. However, some neighbors have a complaint against the people who do square dancing. They think that the music is so loud that they can't fall asleep at night.

In my opinion, people can do square dancing because it is a good way to keep healthy. But they should think about the feelings of others and they shouldn't make a lot of noise.

That's all. Thank you!

解析：由题目要求和提示信息可知，本文可按照题目中的提示信息进行写作，在表达时要根据所给的要点仔细组织语言，合理安排结构；注意正确使用过渡词语，使文章连贯、结构紧凑。

本文主题鲜明，要点清晰，过渡自然。无论从选词或造句，本文都是无可挑剔的。具体优点还有：

1. since then, now, what's more, however 等使短文更加连贯、紧凑；
2. be in love with, fall asleep, in one's opinion, keep healthy, think about 等词组的恰当使用使得文章真实、自然。
3. 高级句型 so ... that ... 等的使用，充分彰显了作者较好的语言功底。



15. 范文

Hello, everyone! I'm glad to share our opinions about thanksgiving with you. Nancy loves her grandma who looks after her very well. She says she will spend more time with her. She thinks each day when they live in love is the best present. Sam wants to say thanks to his English teacher. She always helps him when he is in trouble not only in study but also in life. He is going to clean the office, carry some water and do some other things for his kind teacher.

As for me, I'm lucky to have the friend--Lucy. "A true friend is someone who reaches for your hand and touches your heart." When I feel sad, she always tries her best to make me laugh. We share everything with each other. I want to give her a photo album. I hope good memories make her happy forever!

解析：本文作者根据提示分三部分进行书写，要点齐全，层次分明，行文流畅。具体优点还有：

1. 文中使用了定语从句、宾语从句、状语从句等句式，避免了句式的单一性；
2. 谚语 A true friend is someone who reaches for your hand and touches your heart. 的使用，提高了文章的档次，同时显示作者高深的语言运用能力；
3. 词组 in trouble, not only... but also..., try one's best to do sth., share with...等的使用，使短文内容更加丰富多彩。

16. 范文

How to Keep Safe

Hello, everyone!

As you know, we should always keep safety in mind. But how can we keep safe? Here are some of my suggestions.

First, we should be careful when we make friends, especially online. Second, if we are in danger, we must keep calm and call the police for help in time so that we can keep ourselves safe. Third, we'd better buy and eat food carefully. If the food is in bags, we should read instructions and dates before eating it. Eating food that goes bad will do harm to our health. Fourth, we must obey the traffic rules when we go out. Don't cross the street when the traffic lights are red. Keep to the right in the street. Besides, summer is coming and we must remember it's dangerous to swim in the river.

In a word, safety first! That's all. Thank you!

解析：短文的开头和结尾已给出，接下来的重点是表达所给提示要点。为了句子的连贯性，书写时我们可用 first, second, third, fourth 等连接。由于是建议，我们可用 We should..., Why not...? We'd better do sth.等句型表达，也可用祈使句。本文以一般现在时为主。

17. 范文

Dear friends.

In order to make the environment more beautiful, we should do what we can to protect it. First, we should plant more trees and flowers to make our city more beautiful. Second, don't throw rubbish or pour waste water everywhere. As we all



know, water is becoming less and less. So it's quite necessary to save water. For example, turn the tap off after washing. Last but not least, we'd better ride a bike or walk when going out instead of driving a car.

In my opinion, if everyone tries his best to protect the environment, our city will become nicer and cleaner!

Thank you!

Wang Dong

解析：本文为半开放式作文，在写作过程中，应按照所给要点理清思路，然后进行适当发挥来扩充所给要点。环保措施和美化城市的措施有多植树、节约用水、节约用电、少开车多步行等。文章最后可提出希望或发出号召。因为是倡议书，可用一般现在时。

本文涵盖了要求中所有的内容要点，文章长短句交替使用，让人读起来一气呵成。作者在词汇的选取上也十分考究，如 first, as we all know 等的使用使句子衔接更加连贯；句式的多样化也彰显了作者高深的英语语言运用能力。

18. 范文

Dear students,

As we know, safety is the most important thing in our life. So, we should try our best to make sure we are safe. We mustn't bring restricted knives to our school because these things may cause serious problems. Do not have a bath in rivers or ponds without our parents' permission. And we should be friendly to others, so fighting is strongly banned. Make sure that we should always pay attention to the traffic on our way to school or home. What's more, if we meet some emergencies, we must call for help from the police or our teachers. In a word, following these safe rules above can make us live in peace.

Thank you!

Daming

解析：短文的开头已给出，接下来应具体描写倡议的内容，即所给提示内容。在表达时可用祈使句；也可以使用 We should...; We'd better...; We must 等句型，最后要用一句话加以概括总结，说明遵守安全规则的益处。

19. 范文

Let's Read More!

To go with the Civil Reading, our school has done a survey and found that 56% of the students spend less than one hour reading after class each day, while 33% read for 1 to 2 hours, and only 11% read for more than 3 hours.

This is not satisfying. As we all know, reading makes a full man. Reading not only increases our knowledge, improves our ability to solve problems, but also helps us form a good habit and makes our life colourful.

As students, it's time for us to read more. Let's start reading clubs, set classroom bookshelves and organize reading competitions so that we can do better in our study.



解析：本文作者能用简洁的语言表达提示内容，层次分明，要点齐全，结构清晰、明确。具体优点还有：

1. 句型 *It's time for sb. to..., so that, spend ... doing, not only ... but also ...* 等的使用，使文章提高了档次；
2. 动名词作主语的正确使用，彰显了作者高深的英语语言功底。

20. 范文

Last week, we did a survey among 100 students on "who is your idol". The survey shows that half of the girls choose film and TV stars as idols, while 48% of the boys regard sports stars as their idols. According to the data, we know that parents are the second for the girls, but the fourth for the boys. However, the percentage of the boys choosing great people is the same as that of the girls. As for me, Thomas Edison is my idol because his inventions have greatly changed our life.

解析：由所给的开头句可判断，接下来应直接表达调查的问题及调查结果。书写时，我们可先介绍女生，再介绍男生；也可按偶像来介绍。为了句子的连贯性，我们可用适当的连接词，如 *however, while* 等。为避免句式单一，尽量用多种句式来表达。如 *Half of the girls choose ... as ..., 48% of the boys regard.... as ...* 等。本文时态以一般现在时为主。

21. 范文

I'm ready

Summer holiday is coming. All my classmates are preparing to have a wonderful holiday, including me. I am ready to go to Bei Daihe, the seaside holiday resort, for swimming and having a good time on the seaside. I can not only appreciate the beautiful scenery but also breathe the fresh air. It looks good, isn't it?

Before I go to the seaside, I think it's important to take something useful with me such as sunglasses, bathing suit, suntan oil and my homework and so on. Well, the last I want to carry is some medicine, which can keep me safe. After that I should plan where I stay, play and how to get there.

In conclusion, I do believe I can do it perfectly and enjoy myself.

解析：由所给的信息和要求可以看出这个是半开放式的作文，有很大的发挥空间，但不要远离 *I'm ready* 这个主题。这篇范文有如下亮点：

亮点一：非谓语动词 *including* 的巧妙使用。

亮点二：同位语的恰当使用，说明目的地是一个海滨度假圣地。

亮点三：*not only ... but also ...* 表达度假不仅可以欣赏美景还可以呼吸新鲜空气。

亮点四：运用反义疑问句，加强语气。

亮点五：运用定语从句，修饰 *medicine*。

亮点六：巧妙使用“*do*”这个词，加强语言表达力度。



22. 范文

The Most Important Thing in My Life

In my opinion, the most important thing in life is time. However long one may live, his life has only a certain number of years. And once the time goes by, nobody can get it back. Even though he is the richest person in the world, he cannot afford to waste time, because it means that he is wasting his own life.

The only thing we can do is to make full use of our time. If we can finish more work with less time, we will have more time than other people.

解析：这篇作文并没有具体给出一个角度，而是让考生自己确定生活中什么是最重要的东西，为什么它是最重要的（至少给出三点理由）及如何对待呢。相对来说，比较简单。该篇范文的作者认为“时间”是最重要的，关于“时间”的重要性也是经常谈到的。

23. 范文

How I Have Changed

How time flies! Three years has quickly passed. And I have changed a lot during these years.

On one hand, I wasn't good at learning English at first. When my English teacher learnt about that, she taught me how to memorize new words and to read as many passages as possible. Soon I made great progress and became interested in English.

On the other hand, in my first year, I was too weak to do much exercise. But with the help of the teachers and classmates, I do exercise whenever I am free. And now I can run very fast and I'm also good at playing basketball like other boys.

Thanks to the middle school life, the teachers and classmates, I have learnt so much!

解析：本文要求考生就三年的初中生活自己的改变情况进行总结，包括有哪些改变、怎样改变的，可以从学习、兴趣爱好和行为习惯三个中选择两个方面来叙述。作者从英语学习和兴趣爱好两方面进行阐述自己的改变，尤其是后者，作者能将过去和现在进行对比，来突出自己的改变，处理手法可谓高明。另外，作者还使用了诸如 on one hand, on the other hand 这样的短语，及 too ... to... 结构，可见该考生的英语运用能力非一般。

24. 范文

My parents have some foreign friends. This weekend they are going to visit us. I am happy to help my parents make some preparations.

First, I will go shopping with my mother and prepare some dishes with Chinese characteristics. Then I should open the door with a smile and give them a warm welcome. Of course I will chat with them and tell them some stories about Chinese schools, traditional food and culture. I'm sure to be polite when I chat with them, and try to understand and respect the differences between cultures.



Finally, when they leave, I will say goodbye to them.

解析：试卷中开头结尾已经给出，只需要学生写出中间部分，也就是要点。总的来说，题目难度不大，基本都练过，只要没有语法错误或者字数太少，得分不会太低。

25. 范文

Dear Tom,

I'd like to introduce my class rules made by us all. First, we should come to school on time in school uniforms. It's polite to greet our teachers when we meet them. Second, we must listen to the teachers carefully in class and be active in thinking. Also, we ought to do our homework carefully and hand it in on time. Third, we should clean the classroom often and always keep it clean. And we're required to turn off lights and close windows and doors before we leave. Fourth, being friendly is important. We're supposed to get along well with and help each other to make progress together.

It's our duty to follow all the rules above. What about yours? Please write soon.

Yours,

Li Jie

解析：本文脉络清晰，要点齐全。作者不但准确地表达了题目所包含的内容，而且全篇布局合乎逻辑。具体优点还有：1. 文中运用了 first、second、third、fourth 等词，使文章上下连接自然；

2. 简单句、并列句和复合句的使用，提高了文章的档次；

3. 被动语态、动名词作主语和句型 It's + adj. + to do sth. 的出现，彰显了作者较高的英语水平。

26. 范文

Students in our school are free to choose some special courses to their interest. These courses will help students relax themselves after school.

If you are interested in football, you can choose the football course. It is good for your physical health. Besides, you can learn more about teamwork. If you want to improve your oral English, English drama may be the first choice. It is a good chance to practice not only oral English but also performing skills. What about model making? You will be amazed by the science world and become interested in it.

For my part, a painting course can be added, because students like drawing so much. I hope these courses would be helpful and each student would enjoy a bright and colorful school life here!

解析：本文首先介绍了给出的三个特色课程，然后提出建立增设的课程并说明了理由，要点齐全，结构完整。复合句、简单句和疑问句等的使用，使句式多样化，可读性强。具体优点还有：

1. 过渡自然，短文更加紧凑；

2. 短语 not only ... but also ... , be interested in ..., be good for ... 等，使短文内容更加具体；

3. 被动语态的使用是提分的一个绝招。



27. 范文

Quite a lot of students have become nearsighted now. First of all, many students don't have enough sleep. Some students read for too long a time. Many students are burdened with too much homework.

It's not convenient for them to have bad eyesight. For example, they are hurt easily when playing sports. What's more, they feel tired while they are reading.

In my opinion, it's important to have good eyesight. We should have a right habit of using our eyes. For example, we'd better take a break after reading for 45 minutes. We can do eye exercises and do more sports. I hope we protect our eyes well so that we can see the colourful world.

解析：本文要点齐全，内容合理，衔接自然，篇章结构连贯。在语言表达上，作者尝试用高级词汇，如 *burden*、*convenient* 等；*it* 作形式主语和 *so that* 等的使用不仅展示了作者高超的英语语言素质，也增加了文章的亮点。

28. 范文

In our English class, we had a discussion about what we can do to make home a happier place. We shared different ideas.

Some say it's better to spend more time with family. The more we get together, the better we understand each other. Family members should share happiness and worries. For example, when they have problems, we should try to cheer them up. Others believe it's important to give small presents to our family on their birthdays.

I think, showing love for family is necessary. If we help with housework, they may feel warmer. Sometimes, even the smallest thing like walking with family makes them happier. Though we're young, we can do much to make a happier home.

解析：本篇文章可按照如下思路来写：1. 确定主题——根据给出的主题进行写作；2. 确定写作顺序——分三段，以总分总结构进行；3. 确定每段内容：第一段，总起，介绍背景，使用给出的首句即可；第二段，根据给出的信息进行组织，并加上自己的内容；第三段，总结全文。

29. 范文：

Dear editor,

There are many ways for us high school students to relax ourselves. As for me, when I feel stressed, I usually communicate with my friends, parents or teachers. Sometimes I will do sports with our classmates, such as riding bikes, going swimming and so on. I go to the movies or listen to light music in my spare time, too. What's more, going on a trip in holiday is another way to make me relaxed. I believe, if we are more relaxed, we'll live happier, be healthier and learn better.

Yours,



Li Hua

解析：本文在结构和语言的运用上都很到位。语言简明扼要，结构清晰，作者很好地将所给的提示要点融入短文中，层次分明，详略得当。在语言运用上 communicate with, do sports, what's more 等词组的运用是文章的亮点。

30. 范文：

Sharing

It's very important to learn to share with each other. I have many things to share in different ways. For example, I can share some beautiful pictures, favorite music, different ideas with others face to face or by QQ, Wechat which are widely used. Now I'd like to share one of my unforgettable experiences with you.

Emily was lonely and unhappy. I hoped to cheer her up. So I shared my favorite books and chatted with her after class. As time went by, she became used to sharing her feelings with me. Now we're good friends.

In a word, sharing is not only interesting but also helpful and it makes us grow up. We can learn a lot from sharing and enjoy our lives more.

解析：本文结构严谨，语言简明扼要，在写作过程中，虽然没有过多的华丽辞藻，但作者能言简意赅地表达文章内容，并恰当地使用了多种句式。另外，连词的使用也使短文更加连贯、流畅。

31. 范文

I Love My Mother

There are many people around me, but I love my mother best.

My mother is a farmer and she is a good mother. She tries to do what she can to make me study at school. She often tells me to work hard and to be honest. Without my mother's help, I can't grow healthily.

My mother is very busy every day. She gets up early to make breakfast. She takes care of the whole family. When I am ill, she often takes me to hospital and stays with me all the time. But when she falls ill, she seldom goes to see a doctor.

I'll do my best to be a good child. I'll love my mother forever.

解析：在书写本文时，我们要重点表达母亲在生活、学习等方面对自己的爱，这些爱可用具体的事例来体现。时态以一般现在时为主，也可用一般将来时发表自己的决心和对妈妈的祝愿。

32. 范文

Dear classmates,

I think going to school on foot is good for us. First of all, walking to school is a wonderful way to exercise and it's good for health. Next, it's fun to walk together with friends every day. We can talk about something interesting and know each other better. What's more, if we walk, our parents won't have to drive us to school. There will be fewer cars in the city. More walking and less driving helps to make our city cleaner. The streets won't be as crowded as they are now. So I



hope more and more students will go to school on foot.

Let's go to school on foot from now on.

解析：本文首先可总述步行去上学对学生有益。然后可详细说明其益处，即步行有利于健康，和朋友结伴有利于增加友情，相互交流作业情况；不让父母送，可为父母节省时间；少开车可保护环境、美化城市等；最后重申主题，号召同学们“步行去上学”。

第六章 模拟考试试卷

01. 九年级上 Unit 1 单元测试试卷

第一部分

I. 1-8 CBAAABAB 9-15 ACABCCB

II. 16-20 ACCAA 21-25 BCBCC

III. 26-29 BBDD 30-33 BB**CA** 34-37 DCDB 38-41 BADC 42-45 DCDB

第二部分 (One possible version)

IV. 46. In 47. really 48. can't 49. have run 50. our
51. boxes 52. seventh 53. cute 54. If 55. collectors'

V. (One possible version)

What makes one happy?

A happy person can always find the beauty and pleasure of life. But how can you make yourself become a truly happy person? A few friends and I have different opinions.

Matt thinks that having many friends can make him happy, because friends always encourage him whenever he is in trouble. And they always bring him happiness. In Dave's opinion, taking part in school activities can make him happy. In this way, he can improve himself and make his life colorful and interesting.

As for me, I think good health can make me happy. When I'm healthy, I'm energetic enough to do everything well. I hope everyone has a happy life.

解析：本文主要是谈论如何使人快乐，根据提示，首先提出问题“如何让人快乐”：接着把朋友们的看法描述清楚；最后补充自己的观点。在书写时可多用短语，如 make...happy, in trouble, in one's opinion, take part in, improve oneself 等。

02. 九年级上 Unit 2 单元测试试卷

第一部分

I. 1-8 BABCCABC 9-15 ACAAABA

II. 16-20 CBACA 21-25 CBCAC

III. 26-29 BDCD 30-33 CBBC 34-37 CCBA 38-41 **CDDC** 42-45 DADC

第二部分 (One possible version)

IV. 46. living 47. languages 48. or/to 49. all 50. Before
51. bigger 52. written 53. a 54. up 55. most

V. (One possible version)

Dear Bob,

It's normal to have these feelings. Why not talk about these feelings with your family? First, it's wrong to quarrel with



your parents because quarrels can't solve problems. You'd better talk with your parents. Tell them to discuss your ideas with you before saying "no". Second, why don't you sit down and communicate with your brother? You should explain that you don't mind him watching TV all the time. However, he should let you watch your favourite TV show. I hope things will be better soon.

Mr. Knowledgeable

解析：由 Bob 所发送的邮件可判断，回复邮件的重点为“解决问题”，即就问题提出建议。书写时可用表示建议的句型，如 Why not? Why don't you...? You'd better 等。为了表达更加清晰，我们可用 first, second, third 等词连接。以一般现在时和第二人称为主。最后提出愿望。

03. 九年级上 Unit 3 单元测试试卷

第一部分

I. 1-8 CBACABBA 9-15 CAACBAB

II. 16-20 BACCB 21-25 ACBCC

III. 26-29 DCBC 30-33 DBCB 34-37 BBCA 38-41 BDAC 42-45 DBAC

第二部分 (One possible version)

IV. 46. an 47. usually 48. a 49. and 50. gives
51. reading 52. personal 53. the 54. opinions 55. myself

V. (One possible version)

Hello, everyone!

We all know that mobile phones have become popular with middle school students. But I think mobile phones can bring us many problems.

First, when you receive, send messages or play the mobile phone games, you can't pay attention to your study. Second, the rings of the phone will influence other students and teachers in class. In addition, some students spend too much money on the phones. This brings trouble to themselves and their parents. And the mobile phone radiation can do harm to our health.

So I don't think it's necessary for students to bring mobile phones at school.

That's all. Thanks!

解析：开头已给出，接下来应书写正文。根据提示内容可知，本文重点表达学生使用手机的危害性，即 can't pay attention to their study, influence other students and teachers, spend too much money, do harm to our health 等。为了使文章层次更加清晰，书写时可用 first, second 等表顺序的词连接。最后要表达个人的看法。

04. 九年级上 Unit 4 单元测试试卷

第一部分

I. 1-8 ABCBACCA 9-15 CABACBC

II. 16-20 ACBCA 21-25 CBACC

III. 26-29 BDDDB 30-33 BADC 34-37 BACB 38-41 CCBD 42-45 BDAC

第二部分(One possible version)

IV. 46. shouting 47. thought 48. beside 49. answers 50. louder



51. happens 52. softly 53. get 54. saying 55. so

V. (One possible version)

Hello, my dear friends. As we all know, reading is very important to us. It can not only make us know about the world but also help us relax ourselves. To make people love reading, I have some good advice.

First, why not build lots of small libraries in the city? Second, if good books can be introduced often, more people will be interested in reading. Third, if the seats in the libraries are very comfortable, people will enjoy reading there a lot.

I hope my advice can work and more and more people will love reading.

解析：开头句说出 reading is very important to us. 所以接下来应根据所给提示内容表达阅读的重要性；然后用句子 “To make people love reading, I have some advice” 引出表建议的句子，书写此部分时，可用 Why not... We'd better 等陈述；最后提出自己的希望，如 I hope more and more people love reading ...

05. 九年级上 Unit 5 单元测试试卷

第一部分

I. 1-8 CABBACBC 9-15 ACCCABA

II. 16-20 CBCAA 21-25 CCABB

III. 26-29 CBAD 30-33 BCAD 34-37 ACCB 38-41 CDAB 42-45 CDAC

第二部分(One possible version)

IV. 46. to study 47. if 48. playing 49. gives 50. tends

51. Finally 52. students 53. is 54. however 55. would

V. (One possible version)

Dear friends,

The Internet is becoming more and more popular in our life at the moment. As students, we should learn to use the Internet wisely. First of all, we should be careful when we are making friends on the Internet. It's not wise to tell others any important information about ourselves or our family, such as our phone number or our address. Don't believe what others say easily.

I hope we can use the Internet wisely and live a happy life!

Wang Wei

Class 5, Grade 9

解析：本文开篇先指出网络越来越普及，接着进入主题——同学们应怎样正确使用网络，尤其是网络交友问题；根据内容提示，依次给出建议，最后提出自己的希望。

06. 九年级上 Unit 6 单元测试试卷

第一部分

I. 1-8 ABCBACBA 9-15 CABCBAB

II. 16-20 CABCC 21-25 BCBAC

III. 26-29 BBAA 30-33 AACC 34-37 DCCB 38-41 ACCD 42-45 ADDB

第二部分(One possible version)

IV. 46. hope 47. healthy 48. more 49. because 50. a



51. sugar 52. exercise 53. Finally 54. habits 55. drinking

V. (One possible version)

Recently we've made a survey about the activities of our English corner. Here are the results. We find that 45% of the students want to practice their spoken English by coming to the English corner. 25% of the students like watching English movies. 20% of the students hope that they can learn more foreign culture, such as good manners and western festivals at the corner. 10% of the students would like to talk about English classics because they are interested in them.

As far as I know, it's very helpful to improve English by learning English songs. Maybe we can invite foreigners to introduce good ways to learn songs. I'm sure all of us will have fun at our English corner.

解析：书写本文时，应首先描写图表所表达的内容，如 45% of the students want to practice their spoken English...；然后陈述自己的看法，如 It's important to learn English by, So we must/can/should... 另外，书写时应以一般现在时为主。

07. 九年级上 Unit 7 单元测试试卷

第一部分

I. 1-8 BCBCACBB 9-15 CABCAACC

II. 16-20 BCCBA 21-25 BCCAC

III. 26-29 BBAA 30-33 CDAB 34-37 DABA 38-41 CBDC 42-45 BBCC

第二部分(One possible version)

IV. 46. except 47. to paint 48. who 49. of 50. came
51. with 52. that 53. worry 54. but 55. pleased

V. (One possible version)

Hello! My name is Xiao Ming. I'm studying in No. 1 Middle School. Our school had an activity " Learn from Sunshine Teenagers". From then on, there are many sunshine teenagers around us.

Xiao Hui is kind and honest, and is always ready to help others with their trouble. Always wearing a smile, he spreads kindness to everyone around him. Besides, he is warm-hearted and outgoing, and always manages to help others. At home, he shares the housework with his parents after school, and is always thankful for what they have done for him.

Not being afraid of any difficulties, he always works hard at his lessons. He also takes part in many kinds of sports. In this way, he can keep himself in good health.

Such is Xiao Hui, a sunshine teenager that we should learn from.

解析：本文围绕所给提示要点展开叙述，叙述中各要点安排合理，表达准确，并且使用了丰富的词汇，如 wear a smile、spread、manage 等；状语从句、定语从句等各种语法知识的运用，都是本文的亮点。

08. 九年级上 Unit 8 单元测试试卷

第一部分

I. 1-8 CACABCBB 9-15 BCBACCC

II. 16-20 CBACB 21-25 CCCAA

III. 26-29 DACC 30-33 CACD 34-37 BCAD 38-41 BACD 42-45 ADAB

第二部分(One possible version)

IV. 46. the 47. is 48. by 49. surprising 50. to achieve



51. and 52. on 53. characters 54. have 55. influence

V. (One possible version)

Good morning everyone! Here is the weather report of the next two days in our hometown.

Today is very hot and the temperature is 35 °C. But it will be windy in the afternoon. There are clouds in the evening and it will be windy. Tomorrow it'll be a little cooler and it will be windy. The temperature will be 20 °C.

There will be a heavy rain in the evening.

That's all. Thank you for listening.

解析: 本文为天气预报, 首先点明所预报天气的时间及地点(Here is the weather report of ...), 然后根据所给材料内容报道天气情况(It will be, The temperature ...).

09. 九年级上期中考试试卷

第一部分

I. 1-8 CBACA AAB 9-15 BCABBAB

II. 16-20 BACAC 21-25 CCBBC

III. 26-29 CACC 30-33 BABC 34-37 CBDB 38-41 CDCB 42-45 ADCB

第二部分 (One possible version)

IV. 46. from 47. studying 48. while 49. needs 50. faster
51. is 52. problems 53. them 54. to make 55. healthily

V. (One possible version)

In 2016, Shenzhen government prohibited electric bikes on the road. In a middle school, a survey of the advantages and disadvantages of bikes and electric bikes was done. Here is the result.

Most students choose bikes. On one hand, bikes are cheap and easy to ride. On the other hand, bikes need no electricity and don't cause any air pollution. And riding bikes is good for our health. However, some students prefer electric bikes because they are much faster and can save more time. But electric bikes need electricity, or they can't work.

In fact, both bikes and electric bikes are environmentally friendly. But it is true that bikes are not fast enough and electric bikes are not safe enough.

解析: 从提示内容可判断, 介绍普通自行车与电动自行车的利弊为写作的重点。所以在写作时, 只要把表格里的内容用英语正确地表达出来即可, 也可以适当发挥。为了句子的连贯性, 可适当使用连接词 and, but 等。

10. 九年级上期末考试试卷

第一部分

I. 1-8 BACCBAAC 9-15 CCBACCA

II. 16-20 ACBAB 21-25 ABCAB

III. 26-29 DBDD 30-33 ADABC 34-37 BBBCA 38-41 DDCD 42-45 BCAD

第二部分 (One possible version)

IV. 46. likes 47. true 48. to lay 49. what 50. are chosen
51. letting 52. and 53. your 54. a 55. hundreds

V. (One possible version) (正方)



I will give my parents my Wechat password if they ask me for it. First, I think they must have their own reasons for doing this. Second, my parents have done well in respecting my privacy in my studies and daily life so far. So I don't have to worry that they will see the chatting records between my friends and me. Third, it's a way for my parents to show their love for me. They care about me and they worry I may do something wrong. So why not give them the password?

(One possible version) (反方)

I will say no if my parents ask for my Wechat password. First, my parents don't allow me to make friends on the Internet. But, in fact, I have some net friends on Wechat. Sometimes when I need to release some pressure, I will chat with them, which can make me relaxed. If my parents saw that, they would probably have a lot of questions to ask. It's annoying. Second, most of us have something that we just want to share with friends but not our parents. Wechat is an ideal place. I can say anything on Wechat, but only when I'm sure my parents can't see it. If I give the password to my parents, I'll have to keep quiet on Wechat.

解析：书写本文时，应首先亮明自己的观点，即赞成或是反对，然后根据自己所持有的观点，从所给提示内容中找出相对应的论据，即把所给提示内容用英语表达出来即可。在列举论据时，可用 first, second, third 等表顺序的词语连接。书写时用一般现在时或一般将来时，人称以第一人称为主。

11. 七年级上复习测试卷一

第一部分

I. 1-8 ACACAACB 9-15 BCABCAB

II. 16-20 CCABC 21-25 BABAC

III. 26-29 DCBA 30-33 BBCA 34-37 DCCB 38-41 BCBA 42-45 ACDB

第二部分 (One possible version)

IV. 46. his 47. years 48. will happen 49. suddenly 50. has
51. why 52. to save 53. Although 54. that 55. to enjoy

V. (One possible version)

My father influences my life most. He is a middle school teacher. He is in his forties. He is kind to people. He cares about the students who have difficulty in studying. He often helps them in his free time. He is always ready to help anyone. He often warns students not to be absent from school. My father has donated blood five times. He has a heart full of love. I want to be a person like him when I grow up.

解析：

本文应首先点明父亲是对自己影响最大的人，然后根据提示内容进行逐一表达。注意提示要点中省略的部分，可适当发挥，如 He cares about the students who have difficulty in studying. He often helps them in his free time. He asks his students not to be absent from school. 等。最后可表达自己的感受或祝愿等。由于是现在的情况，所以用一般现在时，人称为第三人称。

12. 七年级上复习测试卷二

第一部分

I. 1-8 ACBCCBAB 9-15 BCCCABC

II. 16-20 ABCCB 21-25 BACAB

III. 26-29 BDCD 30-33 BACB 34-37 ACDC 38-41 DDBA 42-45 ABCD

**第二部分 (One possible version)**

- IV. 46. But 47. how 48. are 49. a 50. works
 51. to buy 52. things 53. traditional 54. cheaper 55. quickly

V. (One possible version)

Tu Youyou, an 86-year-old medical scientist, was born in Ningbo, Zhejiang on December 30, 1930. In 2015, she was awarded the Nobel Prize in medicine for discovering artemisinin. She is the first Chinese to win the Nobel Prize in physiology or medicine, too.

Tu studied at Peking University Health Science Center in 1951. She began to study artemisinin in the 1960s. She did lots of experiments and experienced lots of failure. But she never gave up. She overcame all different kinds of difficulties. Finally she discovered artemisinin.

Tu is the pride of us Chinese. We should learn from her.

解析：由提示内容可判断，本文为写人记叙文，介绍屠呦呦的生平事迹。我们可先点明屠呦呦所获得的成绩，如获得诺贝尔医学奖；然后对她的生平进行介绍，如出生地点、时间；在北京医学院读书；开始研究青蒿素，克服各种困难，取得成功；最后发表个人感想，如向她学习等。写作时用第三人称，以一般过去时为主。

13. 七年级上复习测试卷三**第一部分**

- I. 1-8 CBAABABA 9-15 ABCABAC
 II. 16-20 CCBAC 21-25 BCACA
 III. 26-29 BCDA 30-33 CACD 34-37 DADD 38-41 CDAC 42-45 BAAC

第二部分 (One possible version)

- IV. 46. if 47. important 48. to keep 49. how 50. making
 51. is used 52. began 53. who 54. their 55. will make

V. (One possible version)**The Story of My Progress**

My progress has connected with my mother.

Three years ago, I was a shy girl. I was afraid to speak in public. My mother was worried about that. One day, my mother heard that a Chinese speech competition would be held in my school and she encouraged me to take part in the activity. At first, I was shocked by her advice, but I didn't want to let her down, so I agreed. During that period, my mother often took me to the park to practice. I still remember that day when I heard I won the first prize, my mother smiled happily.

Now I am an outgoing and confident girl. Thanks to my mother's encouragement and company, I have made such great progress.

解析：

本文层次分明，时态运用正确，叙事完整，结构合理紧凑，内容生动，可读性强，具体优点还有：

1. three years ago 和 now 的使用，使叙事显得更加明确；



2. 简单句和复合句的交叉使用，避免了句式的单一性；
3. 词组 in public, worried about, take part in, let ... down, make progress 等的使用，使短文提高了档次；
4. 被动语态的正确使用，彰显了作者高深的英语语言运用能力。

14. 七年级上复习测试卷四

第一部分

I. 1-8 BBACBCAB 9-15 ABCACBC

II. 16-20 BACCB 21-25 ACABA

III. 26-29 DBAB 30-33 BCBA 34-37 AACD 38-41 DACC 42-45 DDCC

第二部分 (One possible version)

IV. 46. to report 47. it 48. but 49. discussions 50. a
51. the 52. reasons 53. are 54. are expected 55. will join

V. (One possible version)

A visit to my friend's home

Last Sunday afternoon, I went to my friend's home. It was not far. So I went there by bike. In her home, we watched an English movie and listened to music. We also made some toys with old clothes. It was not easy, but we tried. We cut the clothes into pieces. Then we put the pieces and other things together. At last, these pieces were made into different toys. How lovely they were! We had much fun when we did it. We were very proud. What a pleasant visit!

解析：

本文完全符合试题要求，叙事完整，时态运用正确，具体优点还有：

1. 运用了一系列的动词短语如 make toys with ..., cut into ..., be made into ...等，生动细致地描述了在她朋友家里所做的事情；
2. 用了两个不同结构的感叹句，说明了玩具的可爱与本次拜访的兴奋之情。

15. 七年级上复习测试卷五

第一部分

I. 1-8 CABBCACB 9-15 ACBABCA

II. 16-20 BCABC 21-25 BCCAB

III. 26-29 BCAA 30-33 CDBD 34-37 CABD 38-41 CADB 42-45 BADD

第二部分 (One possible version)

IV. 46. when 47. were 48. to go 49. was raining 50. his
51. angrily 52. the 53. warmer 54. Why 55. accidents

V. (One possible version)

This is a diagram of our school. It is four hundred meters long and two hundred meters wide. Many trees are planted around the school. The school gate faces (the) south. Our teaching building stands in the middle of our school. The teachers' offices are on the second floor. There is a garden in front of the teaching building. On the right of the garden is our lab and our library is on the left of the garden. There is a large playground behind the teaching building.

Welcome to visit my school.

解析：本文为说明文，重点介绍学校的建筑，说明时应按照一定的顺序，如从外到内，从前到后等。因为本文



属于图画提示作文，所以在书写时应注意图画提示的内容。介绍时可用 **There be** 句型、倒装句等。

16. 八年级上复习测试卷一

第一部分

- I. 1-8 BABCABBC 9-15 CACBBAC
 II. 16-20 BBACA 21-25 BBACA
 III. 26-29 BACB 30-33 CBAD 34-37 DCDC 38-41 BABB 42-45 BCDA

第二部分 (One possible version)

- IV. 46. second 47. to choose 48. what 49. best 50. questions
 51. needs 52. If 53. or 54. writing 55. a

V. (One possible version)

My iPad

My parents gave me iPad as a birthday present. It has a 12.9 inches screen and it is my favourite colour, apple's white (苹果白). It runs fast and can store lots of information, such as photos, music and movies. I often surf the Internet on iPad and I can get some useful information about my subjects. Sometimes I listen to music or watch movies on it. With the help of iPad, I have learned lots of knowledge about computers, and my life has become more interesting.

解析：这是一篇介绍具体事物的说明文。该写作任务要求我们介绍的是一台 iPad，开头部分参考的是提示第一点，介绍这台平板是父母送给我的生日礼物；第二部分参考提示第二点至第四点，即对 iPad 进行阐述说明；最后一部分进行小结，说明这台 iPad 给我的生活带来很多乐趣。

17. 八年级上复习测试卷二

第一部分

- I. 1-8 BABCBACA 9-15 ABACBCB
 II. 16-20 BCBCA 21-25 BACCA
 III. 26-29 BBDB 30-33 CBCD 34-37 CBDB 38-41 ADDB 42-45 ACAC

第二部分 (One possible version)

- IV. 46. were 47. a 48. if 49. further 50. suddenly
 51. was becoming 52. her 53. why 54. to get 55. presents

V. (One possible version)

The Person I Like Most

The person I like most is my grandmother. She is kind and hard-working. I live with my grandma. She gives me all her love. When I get sick, she always takes good care of me day and night.

Every day she gets up very early to cook breakfast for me. The meals she cooks always taste very good. I think she is a good cook. She often does some cleaning.

I really love my grandmother.

解析：从表格的内容可以看出，我们要表达的重点有三点，即奶奶的性格、她常做的事情以及自己的感受。在书写时，我们不能只局限于所提供的词汇，要适当发挥，要用典型事例来突出人物的性格。时态上，主要用一般现在时表达。

18 八年级上复习测试卷三

**第一部分**

- I.** 1-8 BCBACBAC 9-15 BCABCAB
II. 16-20 CACCB 21-25 ACBCB
III. 26-29 BDCC 30-33 ACCD 34-37 CABC 38-41 DCBD 42-45 DABC

第二部分 (One possible version)

- IV.** 46. to buy 47. the 48. watering 49. excited 50. is
 51. are filled 52. they 53. things 54. as 55. will become

V. (One possible version)

Last week, we held a discussion about whether Music and Art should enter the Entrance Examination for the High School. Students have different opinions.

Some of us think Music and Art should enter the Entrance Examination for the High School because it can improve our skills in daily life. But some have different ideas about it. They think they have already been learning many subjects. Learning Music and Art must give them more pressure. And they have to use more time to learn them. They are already very tired.

I think we should pay attention to the study of Music and Art in our daily life. But it's not necessary to examine them in the Entrance Examination for the High School.

解析：本文包含了提示的所有信息，行文连贯，表达流畅，层次分明。句式变化多样。具体优点还有：

1. 连接词 but, and 等使短文更加连贯、通顺；
2. 现在完成进行时的使用，提高了短文的档次，同时也彰显了作者高深的英语运用能力；
3. pressure, pay attention to 等高级词汇的出现，也为短文增加了提分点。

19. 八年级上复习测试卷四**第一部分**

- I.** 1-8 AABBB CAB 9-15 BCAABBC
II. 16-20 CABCA 21-25 BACAB
III. 26-29 ADDA 30-33 AACB 34-37 ACBC 38-41 ACCD 42-45 CADB

第二部分 (One possible version)

- IV.** 46. until 47. worse 48). wore 49. a 50. to practise
 51. boys 52. But 53. surprised 54. better 55. was

V. (One possible version)

September 20th, Sunday

Sunny

It is sunny today. I didn't have much homework. So my parents decided to take me to the Summer Palace. In the morning, we took the subway and got there soon. The Summer Palace is very big. We took a walk, went boating and visited many old buildings there. We also took quite a few photos. The park is so big that it took us a long time to walk around. We were tired, but we all had a great time.

How beautiful the Summer Palace is! We all wanted to come here again.

解析：本次写作要求以“李平”的名义，根据表格所给提示写一篇旅游日记。在写作的过程中，首先可书写当天的日期和天气及抵达的交通方式；然后可书写所从事的活动，在书写活动时，可用 first, second 等表顺序的词



汇。最后要写出游玩的感受。本次写作的时态以一般过去时为主。注意日记格式要正确。

20. 八年级上复习测试卷五

第一部分

I. 1-8 ABBBCACB

9-15 BBBACBB

II. 16-20 BCBAB

21-25 ACCBA

III. 26-29 BDCB

30-33 BACC

34-37 CABD

38-41 BACA

42-45 DBCC

第二部分 (One possible version)

IV. 46. are

47. noisy

48. from

49. being

50. them

51. a

52. more difficult

53. activities

54. to see

55. But

V. (One possible version)

Dear Editor,

I'm writing to tell you about the discussion we've had about whether the entrance fees should be charged for parks.

60% of the students are against the idea of entrance fees. They think a public park should be free of charge. People need a place where they can rest and enjoy themselves. Charging entrance fees will keep some people away from the parks. What's more, it will become necessary to build gates and walls, which will do harm to the appearance of a city.

On the other hand, 40% think that entrance fees should be charged, because gardeners and other workers should be paid, and some flowers and trees need buying. However, they suggest entrance fees should be low.

That's all. Thanks for your reading.

Yours truly,

Li Hua

解析：书信的开头句已给出，接下来应直接表达同学们的意见，本部分可分两段表达。首先可表达反对方的人数与意见(60%...are against...); 然后写赞成方的意见及理由(40%...think ... because...).